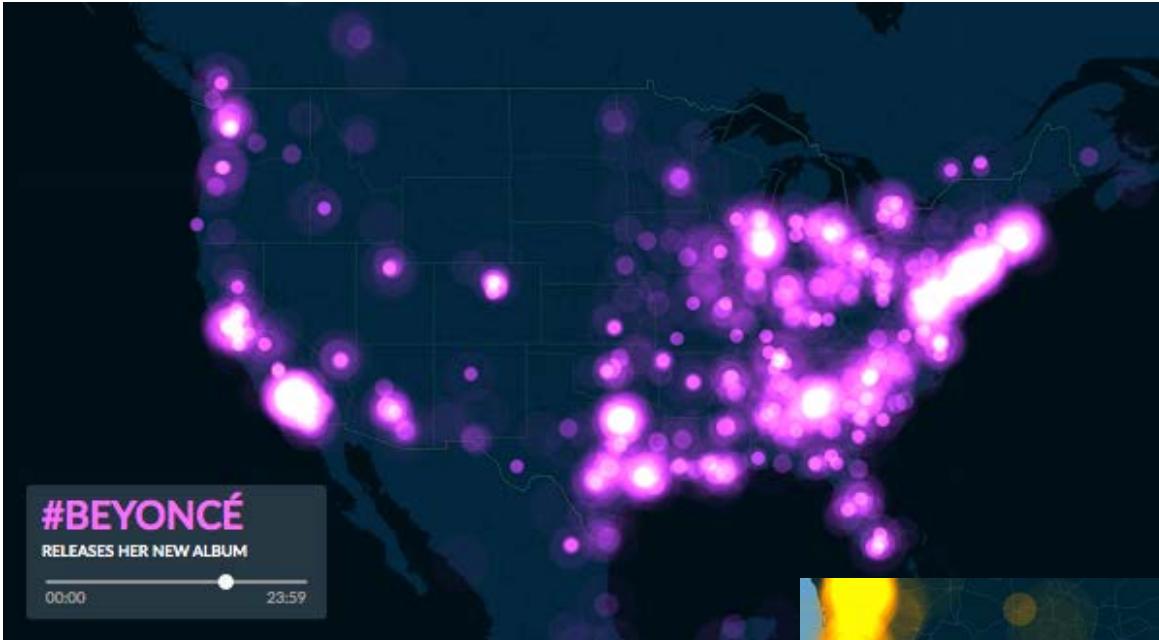


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myuan@utdallas.edu**

Place for Spatial Big Data Analytics

May Yuan and Yan-ting (Vicky) Liao
Geospatial Information Sciences
University of Texas at Dallas
myuan@utdallas.edu

<https://cartodb.com/solutions/twitter-maps/>



Difficult
to grasp

Data are deluging;

Places are emerging.

Visible
Perceivable
Locatable

Peter Fisher and David Unwin (2005)

Representing GIS

- Space vs. place
 - Euclidean spaces; containers
 - Socially-produced and continually changing notion of place
- The social world that people experience



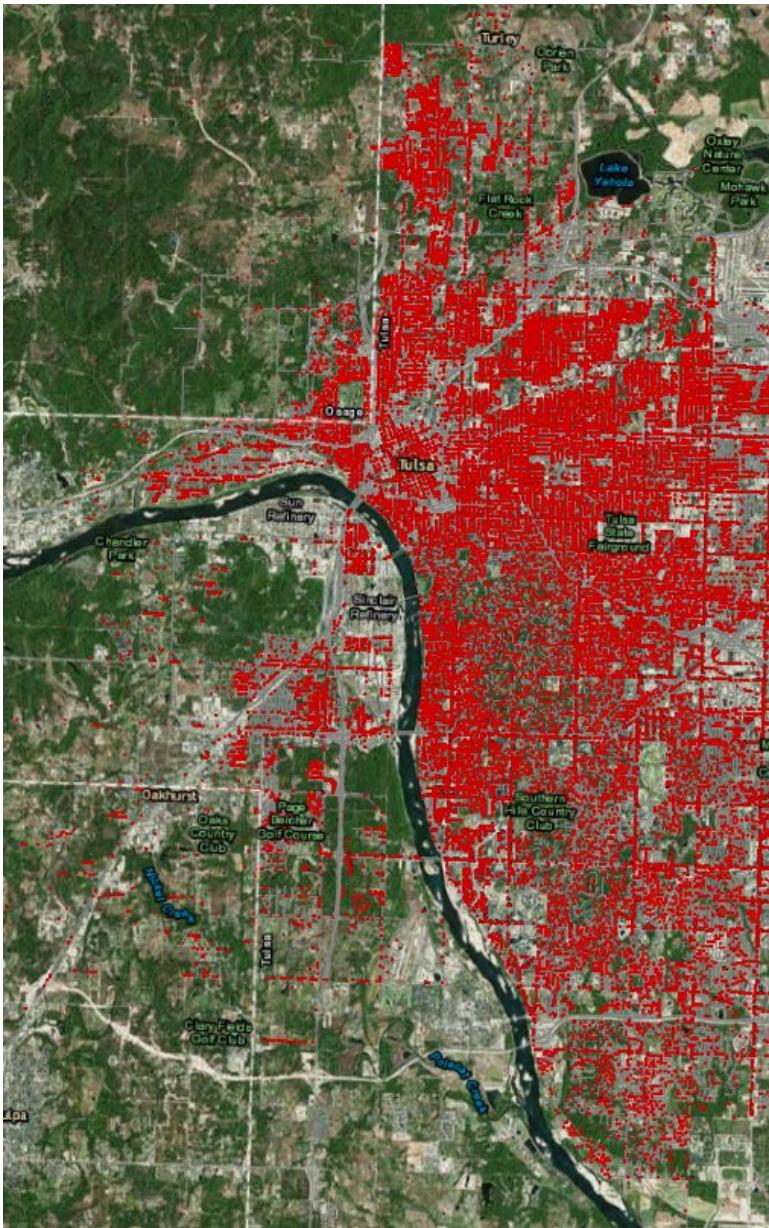
Yi-Fu Tuan (1979): Space and Place from the Humanistic Perspective

Space and place together define the nature of geography

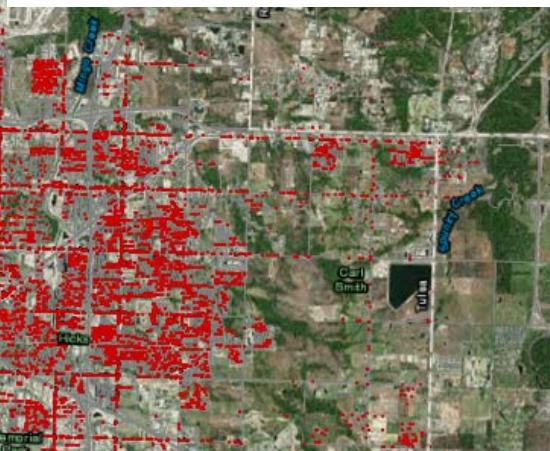
- **Place: a unique entity, a “special assemble”**
 - ✓ History and meaning
 - ✓ Experiences and aspiration of a people
 - ✓ A fact to be explained in the broader frame of space
 - ✓ A reality to be clarified and understood from the perspective of the people who have given it meaning

Data prescribe experiences and
drive emergence of places.

Places summarize data and
synthesize experiences.



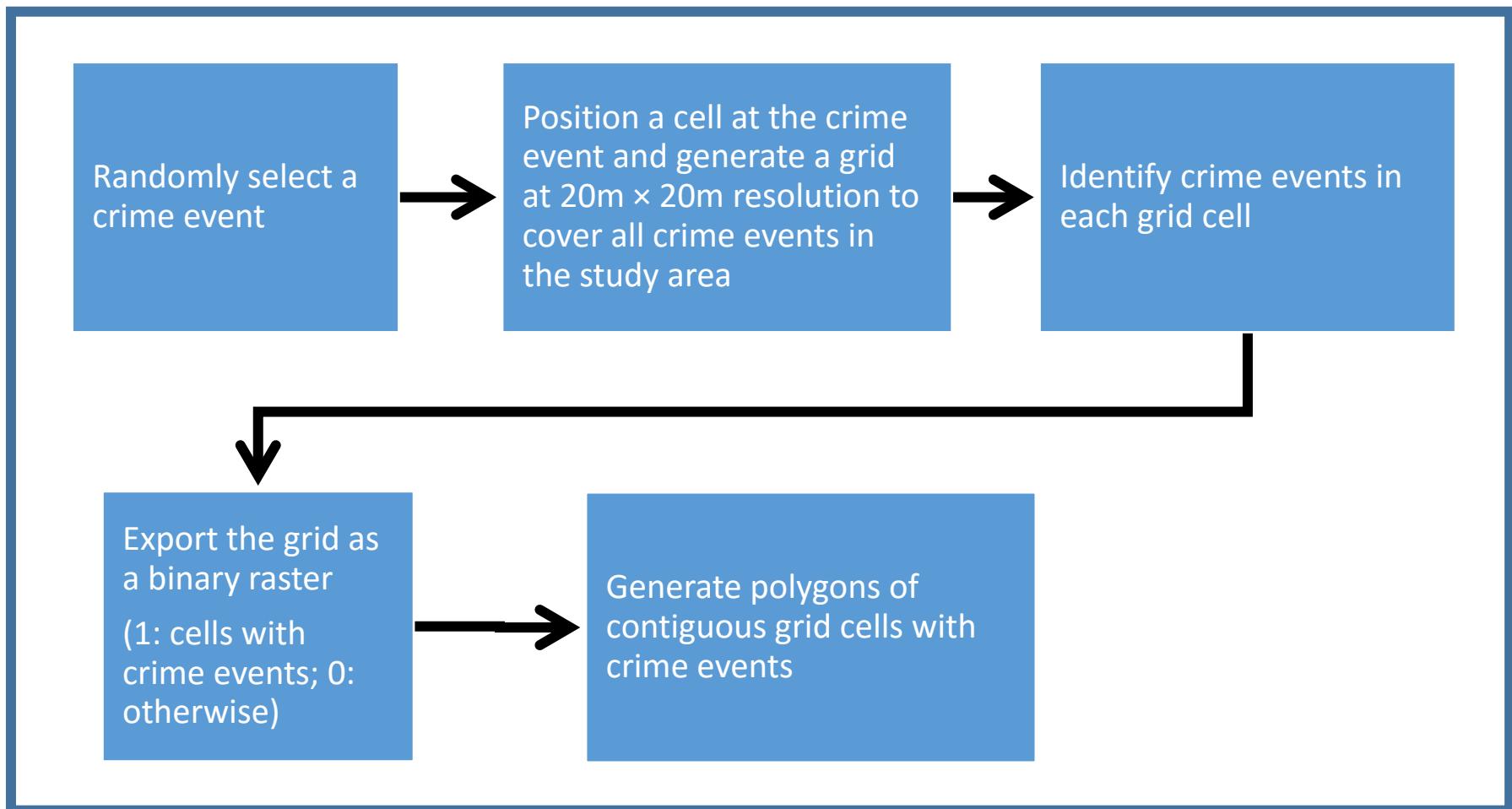
183,101 reported crime events to Tulsa Police Department from 2009-2011 (excluding reports that could not be geocoded properly).



Uniformed Crime Reporting Code	Reports
Murder	168
Aggravated Assault	7734
Robbery	3427
Burglary	19435
Forcible Rape	740
Drugs	4699
Larceny From Vehicle	9843
Larceny From Building	2345
Larceny Shoplifting	8099
Motor Vehicle Theft	7206
All Other Larceny	15678
Part II Crime	103727

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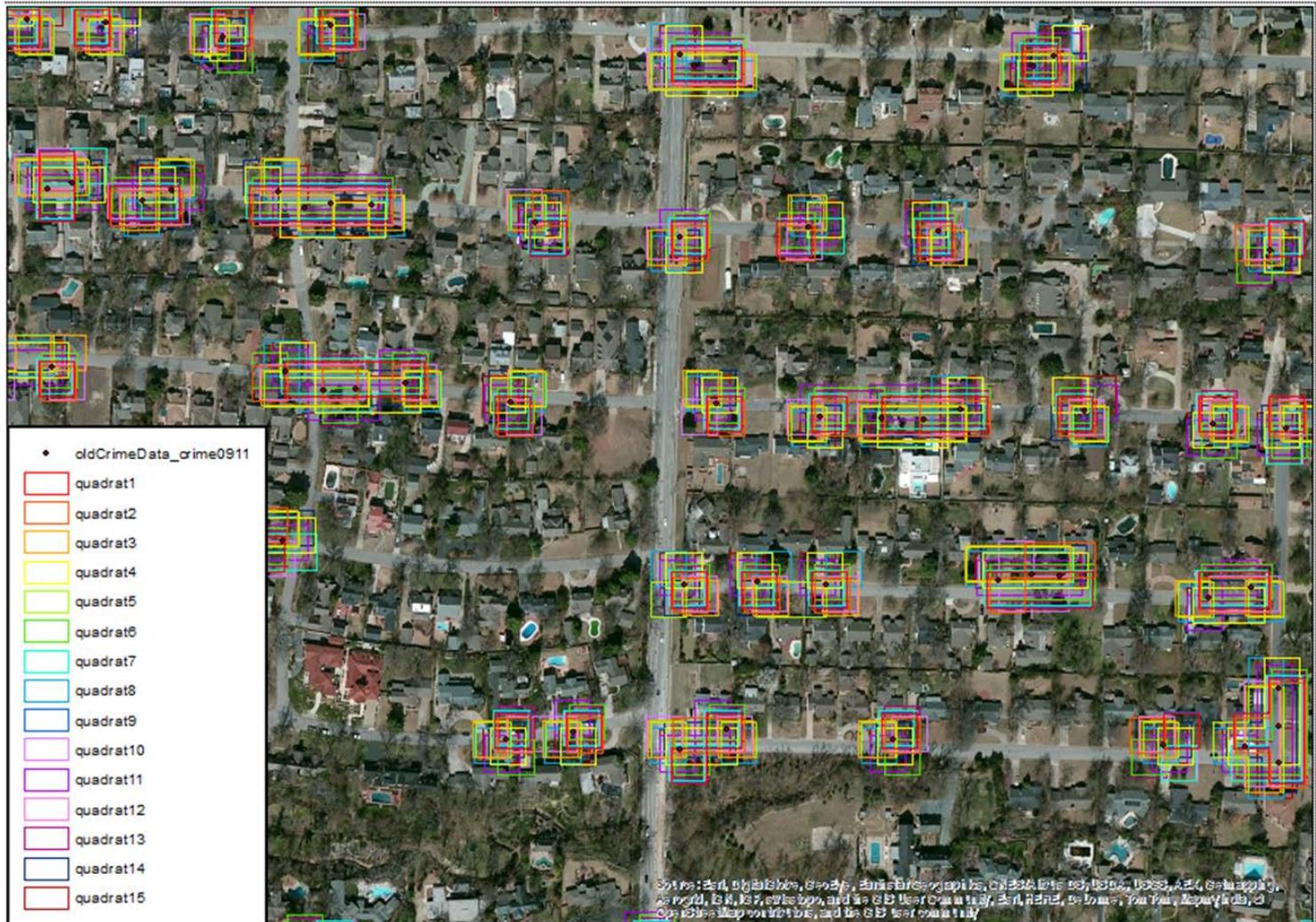
events as experiences to define places



Iterate 15 times to create 15 sets of polygons.

Union the 15 sets of polygons to define criminogenic places
first contacting May Yuan at myuan@utdallas.edu

Polygons generated from 15 iterations



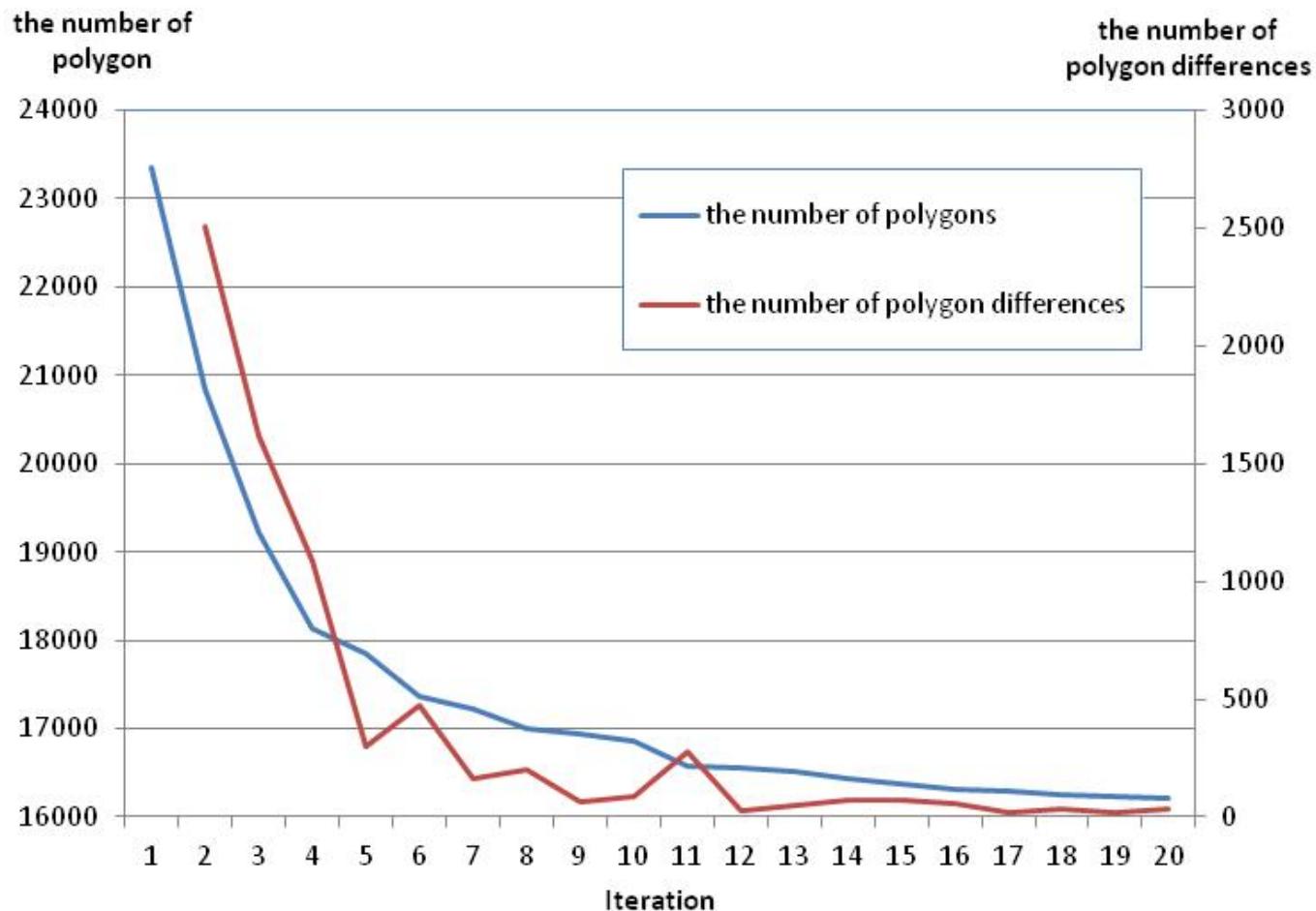
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Places defined by crime events: Criminogenic places

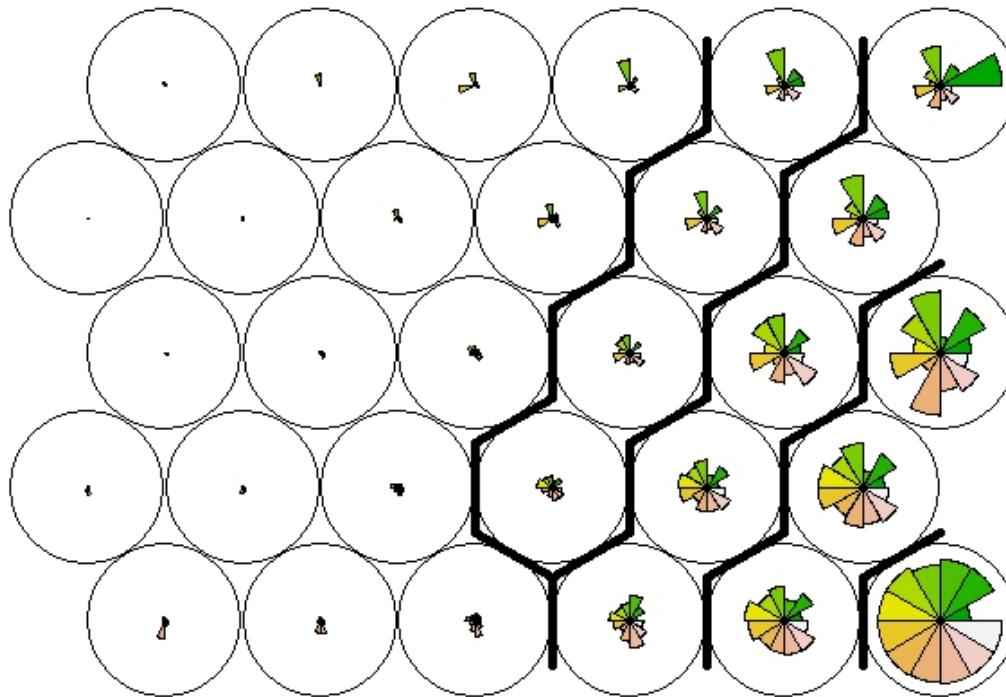


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Iterations stabilize the delineation of places



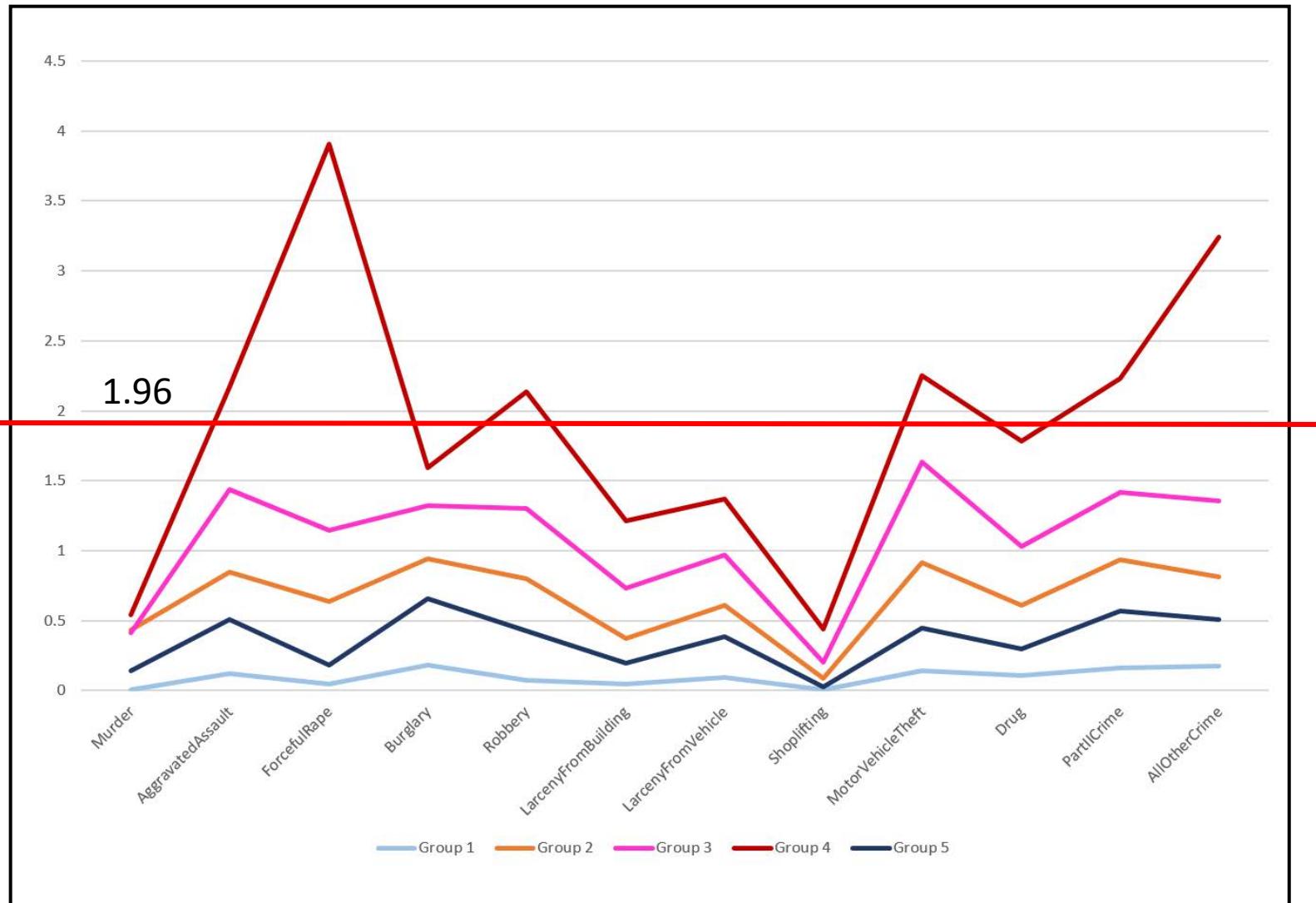
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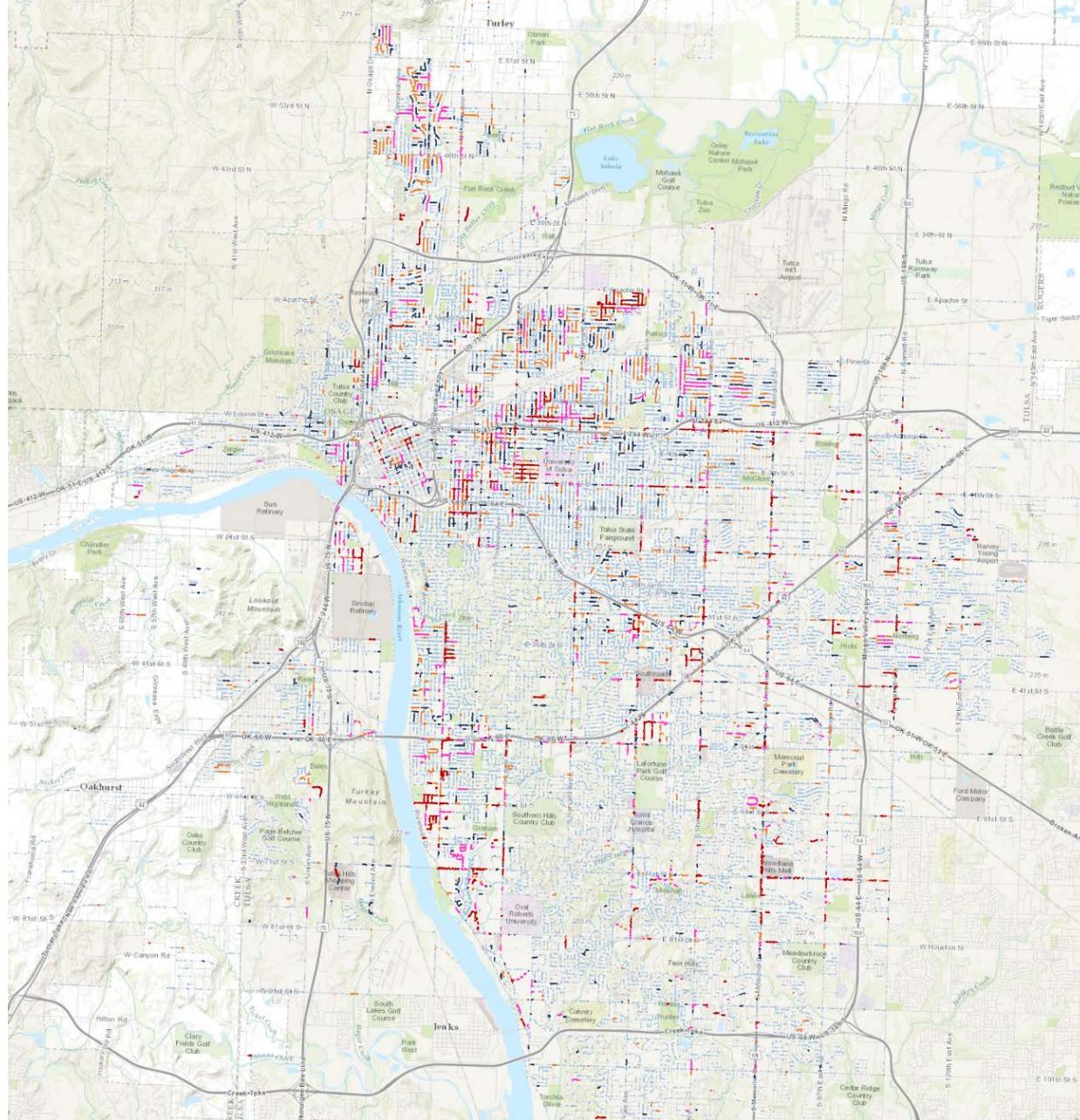
[Color Box]	Murder	[Color Box]	Robbery	[Color Box]	MotorVehicleTheft
[Color Box]	AggravatedAssault	[Color Box]	LarcenyFromBuilding	[Color Box]	Drug
[Color Box]	ForcefulRape	[Color Box]	LarcenyFromVehicle	[Color Box]	PartIIICrime
[Color Box]	Burglary	[Color Box]	Shoplifting	[Color Box]	AllOtherLarceny

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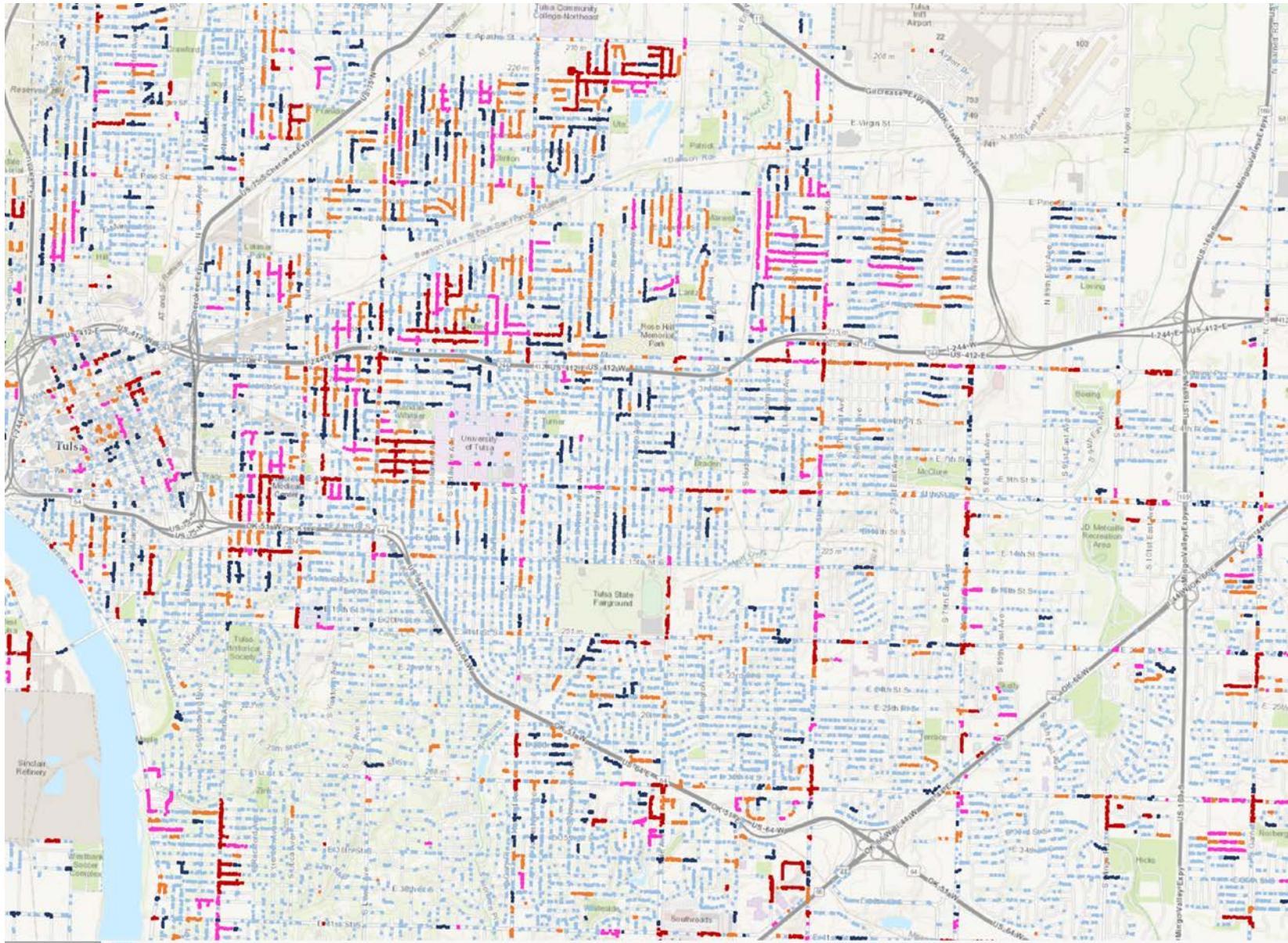
Relative Distributions of Crime Types (mean Z-scores in each type)



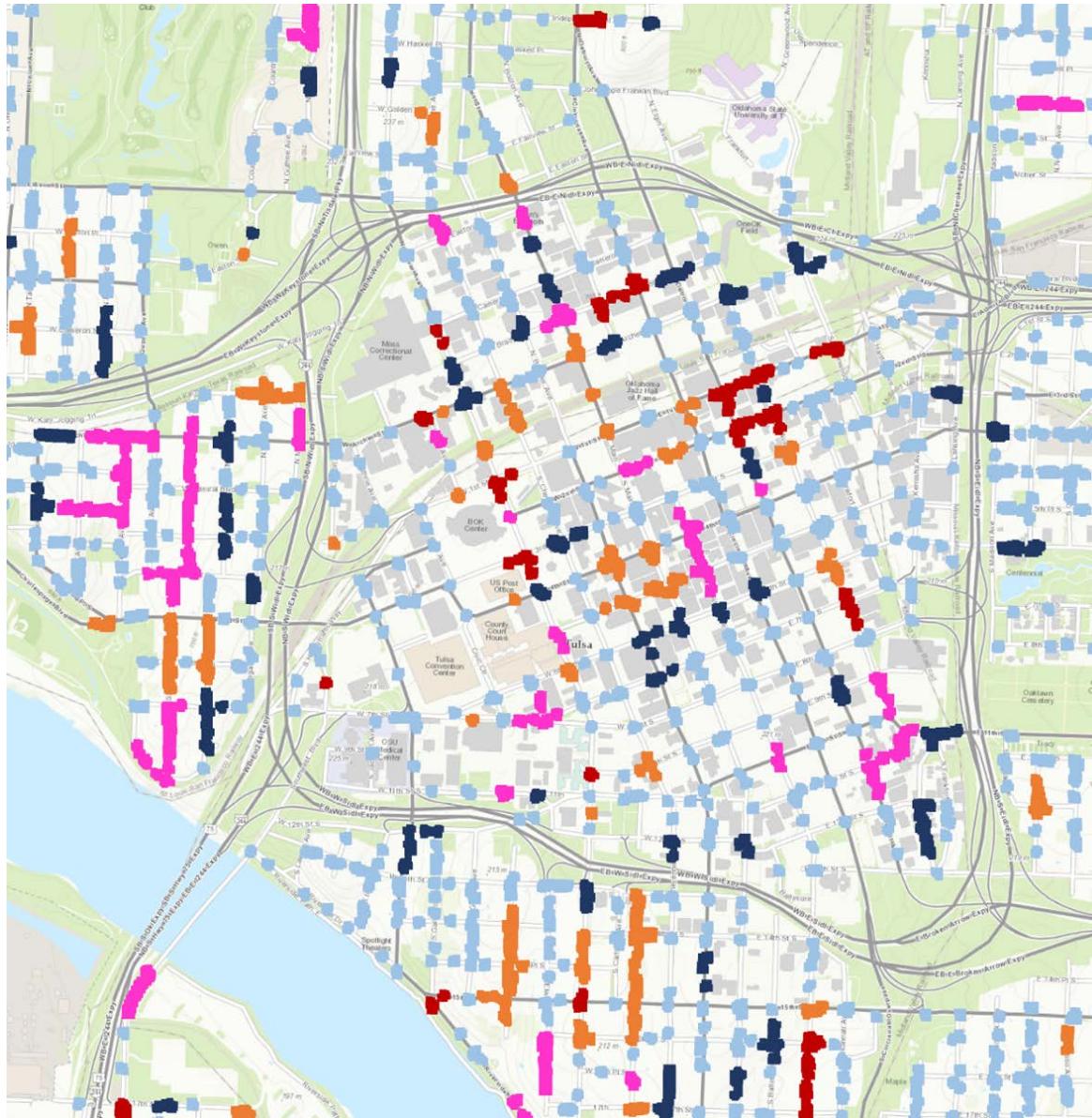
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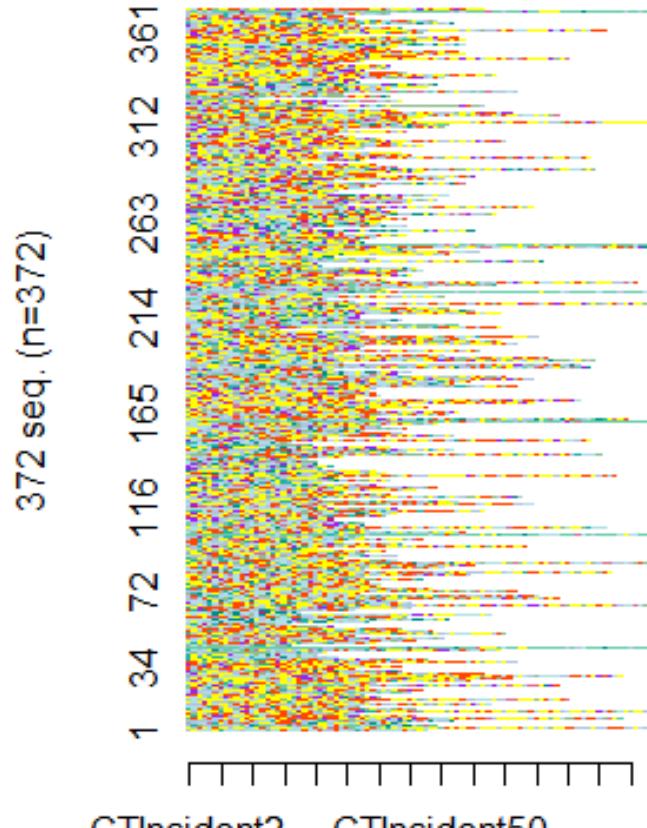


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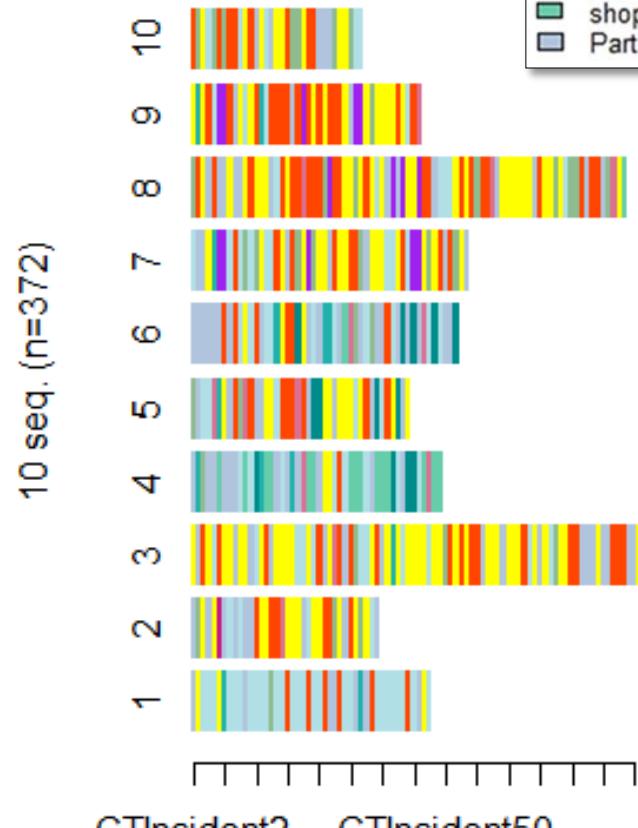
Group	# of Segments	% Segments	Lengths (m)	% Lengths
0	8,208	23.6%	2,743,577	68%
1 (lowest)	17,472	50.3%	862382	21.4%
2 (3 rd lowest)	3,021	8.7%	137491	3.4%
3 (2 nd highest)	1,797	5.2%	89788 ~25%	2.2%
4 (highest)	1,681	4.8%	83173	2%
5 (2 nd lowest)	2,584	7.4%	121029	3%
Total	34,763	100%	4,037,440	100%

~10%

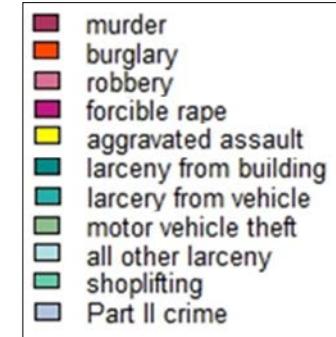
Group 3 Crime Type Sequences



All places



First 10 common sequence patterns



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Probability to crime types in Group 3

	[-> NA]	[-> AA]	[-> AOL]	[-> BG]	[-> DG]	[-> FR]	[-> LB]	[-> LV]	[-> MVT]	[-> MD]	[-> P2C]	[-> RB]	[-> SL]	
[NA ->]	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
[AA ->]	0.02	0.34	0.14	0.16	0.04	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.00	0.14	0.03	0.01	1.01
[AOL ->]	0.02	0.21	0.26	0.13	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.08	0.00	0.14	0.03	0.03	1.01
[BG ->]	0.03	0.24	0.14	0.26	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.08	0.00	0.14	0.03	0.01	1.00
[DG ->]	0.02	0.22	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.00	0.04	0.02	0.09	0.00	0.16	0.03	0.03	1.00
[FR ->]	0.02	0.28	0.16	0.15	0.06	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.14	0.03	0.02	1.00
[LB ->]	0.03	0.20	0.21	0.06	0.03	0.00	0.12	0.03	0.07	0.00	0.15	0.04	0.05	0.99
[LV ->]	0.02	0.21	0.20	0.15	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.09	0.07	0.00	0.15	0.02	0.02	0.99
[MVT ->]	0.02	0.24	0.15	0.17	0.04	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.14	0.00	0.13	0.03	0.02	0.99
[MD ->]	0.00	0.15	0.15	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.31	0.15	0.00	1.00
[P2C ->]	0.02	0.21	0.14	0.14	0.04	0.00	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.00	0.22	0.04	0.05	0.98
[RB ->]	0.02	0.22	0.16	0.13	0.07	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.09	0.00	0.17	0.08	0.04	1.02
[SL ->]	0.01	0.06	0.10	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.16	0.03	0.52	1.01
	1.23	2.58	1.94	1.58	0.54	0.02	0.35	0.48	0.93	0.00	2.01	0.54	0.80	13.00
	0.09	0.20	0.15	0.12	0.04	0.00	0.03	0.04	0.07	0.00	0.15	0.04	0.06	

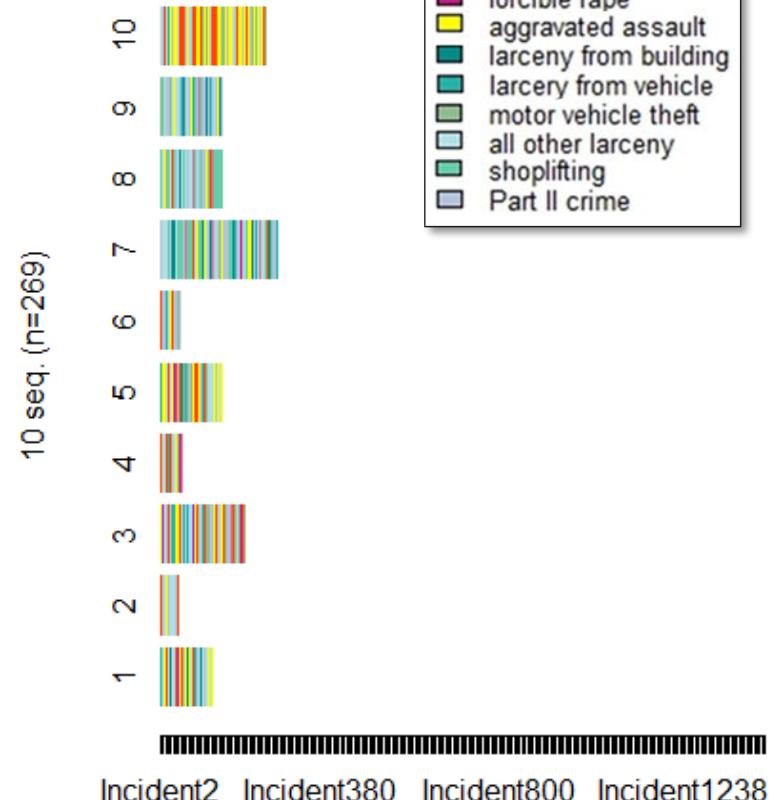
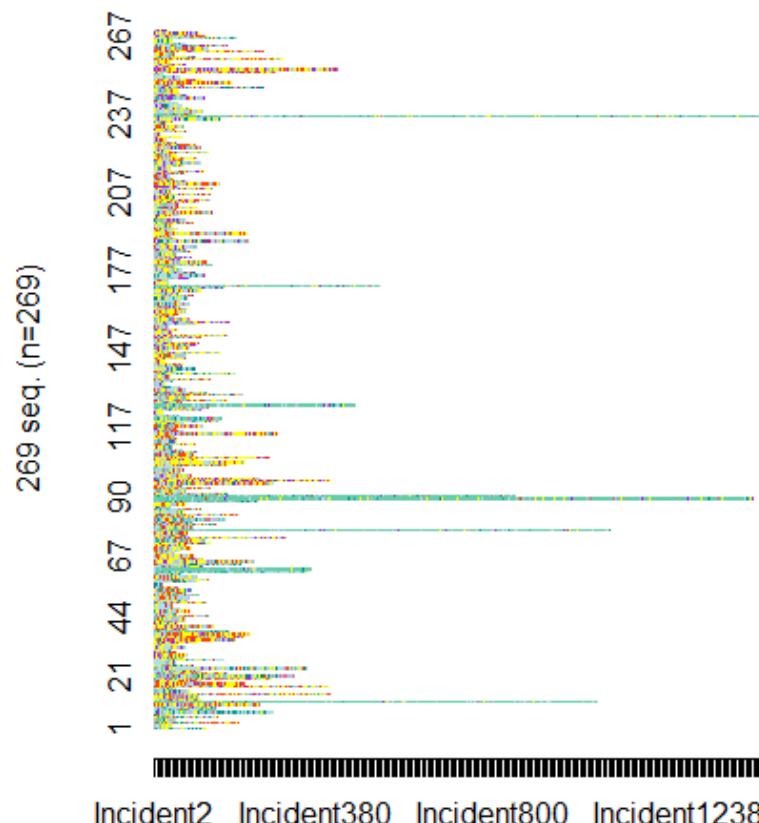
NA
 AA aggravated assault
 AOL all other larceny
 BG burglary
 DG drug
 FR forcible rape
 LB larceny from building
 LV larceny from vehicle
 MVT motor vehicle theft
 MD murder
 P2C Part II crime
 RB robbery

Relatively high transition probability

Relatively high fidelity of crime types at places

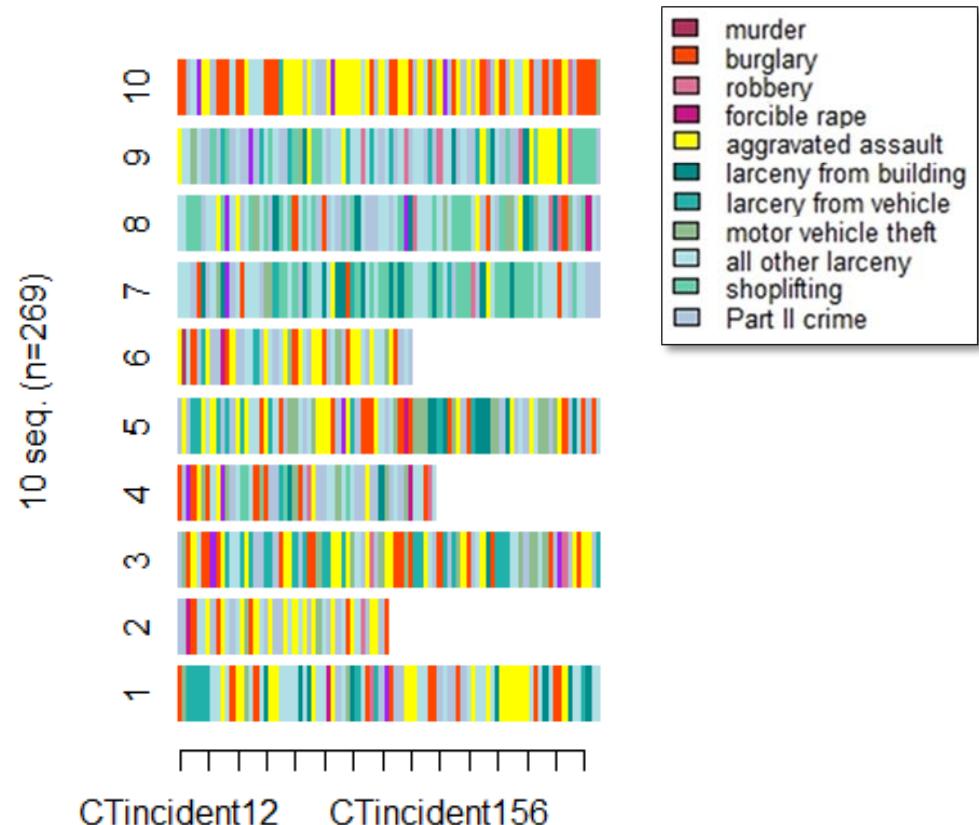
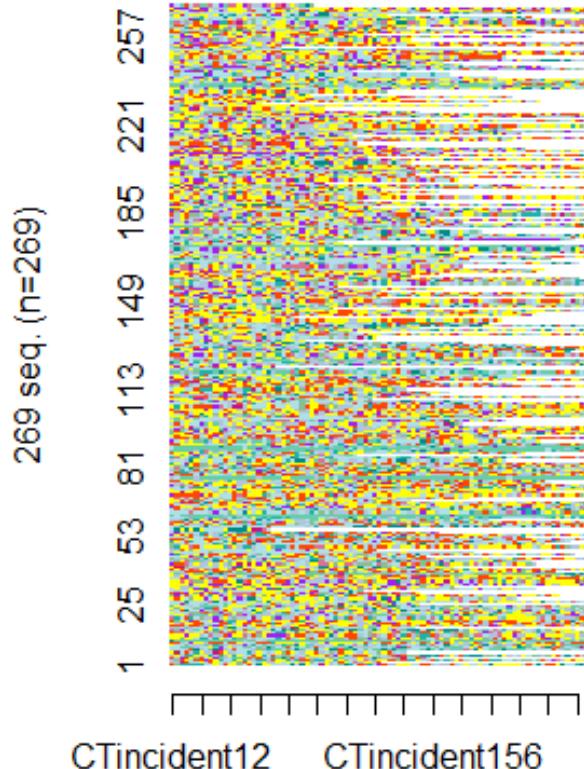
31% of P2C preceded by Murders.

Group 4 Crime Type Sequences



murder
burglary
robbery
forcible rape
aggravated assault
larceny from building
larceny from vehicle
motor vehicle theft
all other larceny
shoplifting
Part II crime

Group 4 Crime Type Sequences: first 80 crime events



All places

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First 10 sequence patterns

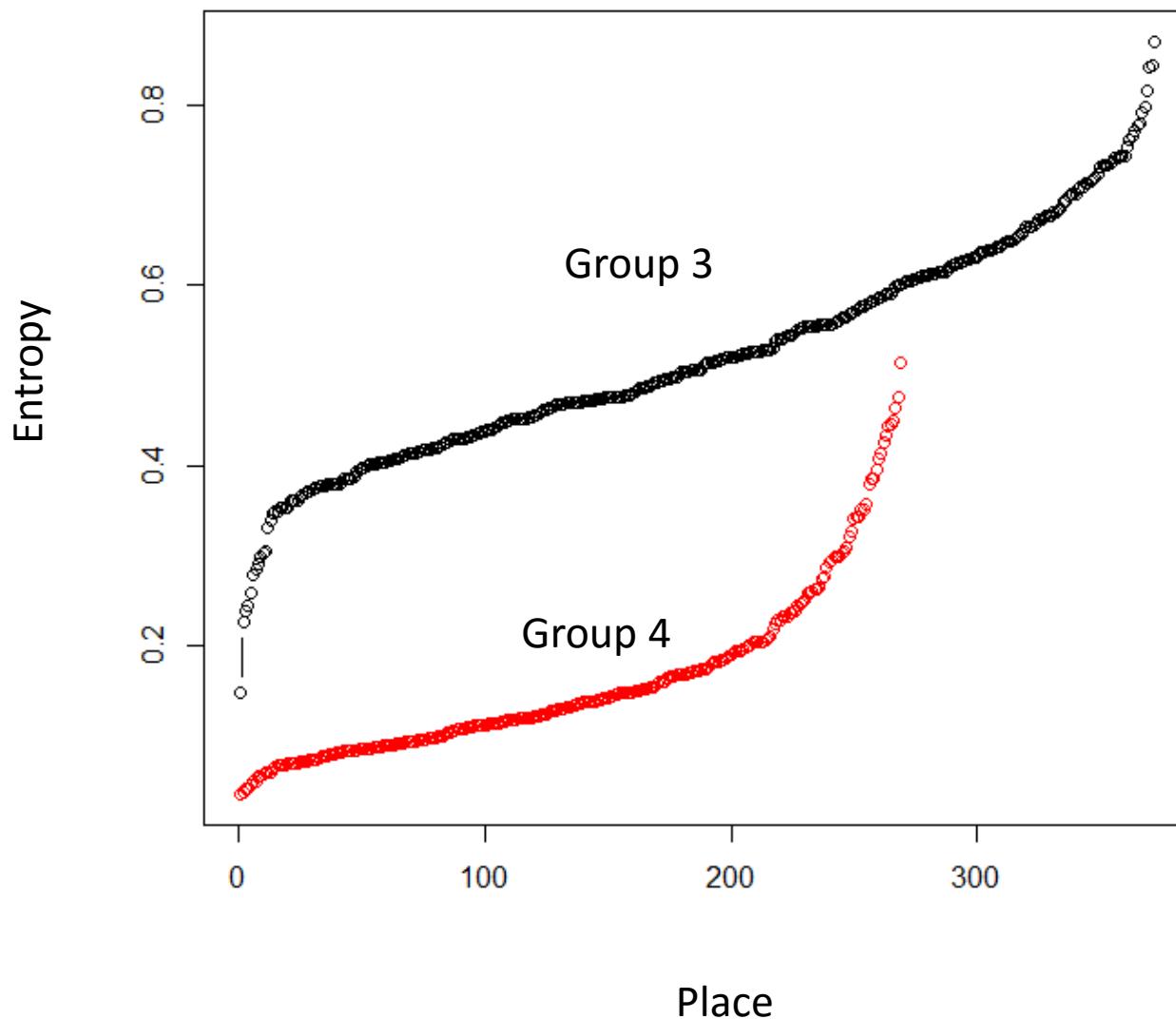
Probability to crime types in Group 4

	[-> NA]	[-> AA]	[-> AOL]	[-> BG]	[-> DG]	[-> FR]	[-> LB]	[-> LV]	[-> MVT]	[-> MD]	[-> P2C]	[-> RB]	[-> SL]	
[NA ->]	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00
[AA ->]	0.01	0.33	0.14	0.13	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.00	0.14	0.04	0.04	0.99
[AOL ->]	0.01	0.17	0.29	0.09	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.06	0.00	0.14	0.04	0.09	1.02
[BG ->]	0.01	0.25	0.13	0.24	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.15	0.04	0.02	1.00
[DG ->]	0.00	0.23	0.14	0.09	0.16	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.00	0.18	0.04	0.05	0.99
[FR ->]	0.01	0.29	0.13	0.13	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.00	0.15	0.05	0.02	0.99
[LB ->]	0.01	0.14	0.23	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.12	0.03	0.05	0.00	0.13	0.03	0.17	0.99
[LV ->]	0.00	0.17	0.21	0.09	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.11	0.05	0.00	0.15	0.04	0.11	0.98
[MVT ->]	0.01	0.22	0.16	0.13	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.10	0.00	0.17	0.04	0.05	0.99
[MD ->]	0.00	0.28	0.15	0.12	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.08	0.22	0.00	0.00	1.01
[P2C ->]	0.01	0.20	0.15	0.11	0.05	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.00	0.20	0.04	0.11	1.00
[RB ->]	0.01	0.22	0.16	0.11	0.05	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.07	0.00	0.16	0.08	0.08	1.01
[SL ->]	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.08	0.02	0.70	0.99
	1.08	2.54	1.97	1.29	0.62	0.15	0.38	0.37	0.71	0.08	1.87	0.46	1.44	13.00
	0.08	0.20	0.15	0.10	0.05	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.14	0.04	0.11	

NA
 AA aggravated assault
 AOL all other larceny
 BG burglary
 DG drug
 FR forcible rape
 LB larceny from building
 LV larceny from vehicle
 MVT motor vehicle theft
 MD murder
 P2C Part II crime
 RB robbery

Relatively high transition probability

Relatively high fidelity of crime types at places



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Thoughts

- space: absolute, container, Euclidean
- place: complex, organic, dynamic, experiential, experiential, and understandable
 - To Pete Fisher
 - Places are socially and dynamically produced
 - Uncertainty
 - Fuzziness
- Place for spatial big data
 - vertical integration of activities and events at places
 - from events to identify places
 - from places to predict event transitions